













Agenda

- ➤ Public Meeting #1 Recap
 - Project Team
 - ➤ BOA Program Overview
 - > Study Area Boundary
- ➤ Public Meeting #1 What We Heard
- Existing Conditions Analysis
- ➤ Open House: Vision, Goals, and Strategies



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Public Meeting #1 Recap: Project Team

Brandywine Growth District

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Public Meeting #1 Recap: BOA Program Overview



The BOA Program is a state program that provides funding to municipalities to complete area-wide plans to support community revitalization in neighborhoods that have been affected by the presence of brownfield and underutilized sites. This program transforms brownfields from liabilities to community assets.

Program goals include:



Assessing community redevelopment opportunities



Building a shared community vision for the reuse opportunities



Collaborating with stakeholders to identify and implement solutions

Public Meeting #1 Recap: Study Area Boundary

Approximately 158-acre study area in the Brandywine Corridor:

- ➤ Bounded by the Brandywine Highway (NYS Route 7) and NYS Route 363 on the west, railroad lines to the south and east, and Bevier Street to the north
- ➤ Includes industrial, commercial, and vacant or underutilized parcels with critical access by all transportation modes.
- Within City's only I-3 Heavy Industrial District





Public Meeting #1: What We Heard

Brandywine Growth District

- ➤ Meeting Details: Thursday, June 5th, 2024, 6:00 PM 7:30 PM | Centenary-Chenango Street United Methodist Church
- Meeting Format: Presentation introducing the Brandywine Growth District, followed by a small-group visioning workshop.
- Visioning Workshop Questions:
 - Do the "Project Vision" and "Preferred Development Scenario" from the 2013 Nomination study still resonate with you today?
 - What is your visual preference regarding the quality and aesthetics of a desirable neighborhood? (Street Design, Building Facades, Gateway & Signage)
 - What else is on your mind regarding the BGD? Any needs, desires, challenges, opportunities, etc.?













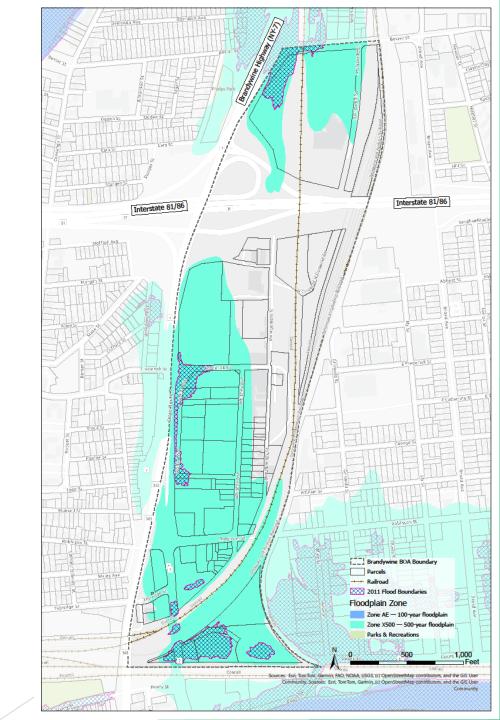
Existing Conditions Analysis

Brandywine Growth District

- Fiscal/Market Feasibility Analysis
- Stormwater Management & Flood Mitigation Analysis
- Connectivity & Streetscape Assessment

Overall Existing Conditions

- ➤ The Brandywine BOA contains a mix of industrial, residential, and vacant lands.
- ➤ Industrial uses dominate the central corridor, aligned with transportation infrastructure.
- ➤ Land within the Brandywine BOA is a mix of **public** and private ownership.
- The Brandywine BOA includes areas at risk of flooding, with portions of the site falling within both the 100-year floodplain (Zone AE) and the 500-year floodplain (Zone X500).



Stormwater Management & Flood Mitigation Analysis



The Existing Conditions Analysis observed the following characteristics and drainage patterns:

- > Cut and fill material is the predominant soil type throughout the study area
- ➤ Land uses throughout the study area include urban commercial, industrial, residential, wooded, impervious (e.g., pavement), and pervious (e.g. landscaped)
- There are 12 drainage areas which drain to either the Chenango River to the west or the Susquehanna River located south of the study area

Connectivity & Streetscape Analysis

Challenges:

- ➤ Interstate 81/86 divides the study area, creating a barrier between the north/south portions
- Limited access to the site due to restricted movements at the intersection
- ➤ Lack of signage to direct traffic around the site and to inform vehicles of low-clearance restrictions
- Railroad tracks cut off access to areas east of the study area and limit connectivity
- ➤ Multiple low clearance (11') railroad bridges limit truck traffic from the east
- > Local roads within observed to be in poor condition



Connectivity & Streetscape Analysis

- Continuous sidewalks exist along Robinson St, Bevier St, and Brandywine Ave (south of Robinson St). Sidewalks are reportedly in poor condition under Brandywine Ave railroad bridges.
- The pedestrian/bicycle network is lacking across the site, making it difficult to travel through it safely.
- There is no pedestrian connection between the northern/Bevier Street portion and the southern/Robinson Street portion of the site.
- Public outreach indicates that the majority of pedestrians are workers at nearby manufacturing business and people going to the Rescue Mission, who are accessing the bus stops on Robinson Street.



Connectivity & Streetscape Analysis

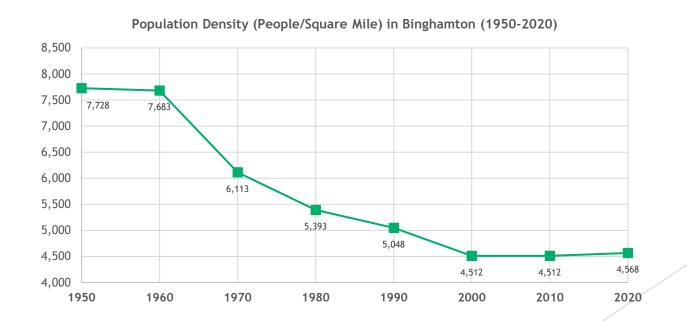
Potential Areas of Improvement:

- Multi-Use path to make north/south connection
- Internal streetscape improvements
 - Montgomery Street
 - Frederick Street
- Gateway streetscape improvements
 - Bevier Street
 - Robinson Street
 - Brandywine Highway
- Intersection improvements
 - Brandywine Highway & Frederick Street (ongoing conversations with DOT)





- \triangleright Population has remained stable at around 47,000 between 2000 and 2020.
- ➤ Job loss is a major factor: employment **declined 27%** $(34,000 \text{ in } 2002 \rightarrow 25,000 \text{ in } 2022).$





- ➤ Median household income: \$44K (71% of Broome County/regional average).
- ➤ Unemployment rate: **8.7%** vs. 5.4% in surrounding region.
- >27% live below the poverty line (vs. 18% in Broome County; 16% region-wide).

Socio-economic Trends in Binghamton (1980 to 2020)												
Year	Median Household Income (Nominal \$)	Median Household Income (2020 \$)	Individual Poverty Rate (%)									
1980	\$16,227	\$50,600	~15-17									
1990	\$23,333	\$48,000	~20									
2000	\$32,212	\$50,200	~21									
2010	\$33,000	\$38,800	~30									
2020	\$34,487	\$34,487	31.5									



➤ Binghamton has experienced a post-industrial pattern of shrinking population and reduced production...

BUT

... the decline has stabilized in spite of the pandemic, and the city is **not losing people and jobs at the same rate** that it did in previous decades.

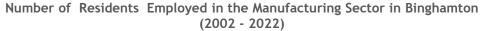


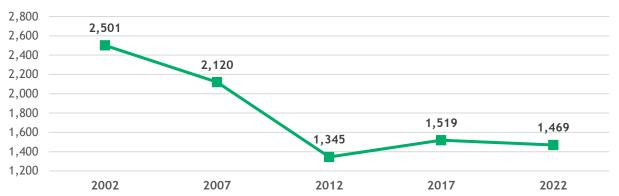


➤ The manufacturing sector is **not growing**...



... it remains the 5th largest employment sector for Binghamton residents







- Economic stabilization can be attributed to:
 - Increased government funding
 - Growth of academic institutions (Binghamton University, SUNY Broome County Community College)
 - Partnerships with BAE to grow the battery sector



- ➤ The BGD is positioned to capture new industrial uses that advance the domestication of the regional supply chain
 - Heavy industrial zoning
 - Location at the intersection of two major economic development spines (I-81 and I-86)



Sectors to pursue:





(Uses with a high level of logistical & distribution needs that could be well-served by the BGD's proximity to road and rail)





- > There is a regional shortage of sites for
 - Advanced manufacturing
 - Battery storage
 - Biotechnology
 - Clean-technology and renewable energy
 - Warehousing



- Why not residential?
 - > The real estate market for industrial & commercial uses is currently soft
 - The market for residential housing (especially affordable rental units) is very high (while supply is very low)

BUT

- ➤ One of the strongest assets of the BOA is its industrial zoning in an area with minimal incompatible uses
- Introducing new residential uses to the site would undermine that asset, making it harder to attract job-generating land uses to the site





Updated Vision Statement



Brandywine Corridor is an important gateway to the City of Binghamton and Broome County that is envisioned as a future-focused redevelopment district fostering sustainable economic growth through industrial preservation and revitalization, technological innovation, and workforce development.

Existing assets, including transportation infrastructure and established industrial uses, will be improved and leveraged to support existing businesses, attract new investment and employment, and contribute to improved quality of life in the surrounding neighborhoods.

Partnerships with local, state, and regional agencies and employers as well as the private sector and educational institutions will be key to a successful redevelopment of this corridor and ensure that it generates a positive impact on the region's economy.

Draft Project Goals



➤ Goal #1:

Leverage the BOA's strategic location with future-focused land use and marketing plans to attract high quality industries, support existing businesses, and create more employment opportunities for the community.

➤ Goal #2:

Foster strategic and collaborative partnerships to address environmental, economic, transportation, and other issues and spur investment in improvements and redevelopment.

Draft Project Goals



➤ Goal #3:

Address contamination, remediate properties, and protect the community from future environmental and climate threats.

➤ Goal #4:

Build a safer and more connected corridor for all users, including pedestrians, cyclists, drivers, and truck operators.

Draft Project Goals



➤ Goal #5:

Create a more attractive and welcoming gateway through streetscape improvements and high-quality urban design.

➤ Goal #6:

Integrate the BOA with the surrounding neighborhoods by improving wayfinding, physical and social linkages, and overall appearance, and by considering the needs of the broader community.

What We Need From You



- Comment on the updated Vision Statement
 - Did we get it right?
 - Did we miss anything?
- Comment on the Draft Goals
 - Do these six goals capture what you envision for the site?
 - Do you have any concerns?
 - What are some ways to achieve the goals?
 - Which of the goals would YOU prioritize for investment?
- > Start to think about Land Use
 - What belongs where?

Project Schedule



	Winter 2025 Sp			pring 2025 Sum			nmer 20	nmer 2025 Fall 2025		Winter 2026			Spring 2026			Summer 2026		26		
Coordination & Project Management																				
Community & Stakeholder Participation		Community Engagement (Website Updates, PAC Meetings)																		
							PM#1			PM#2						PM#3			PM #4	
Existing Conditions & Assessment				D	raft Repor	ts		Fi	nal Reports											
Branding & Marketing Strategy	Draft Logo & Brand Guidelines Guidelines						Draft Marketing Strategy 1				arketing tegy	Marketing Materials								
Draft Revitalization Master Plan								Draft Revitalization Master Plan												
NYS Environmental Quality Review									NYS Environmental Review											
Final Revitalization Master Plan																Final Re	vitalizatio Plan	n Master		

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